Learn how to create a catalogue in Amlib.

**Check Catalogue for Existing Records**

It is a good idea to search the Catalogue module to see if the item has been entered already, and just needs a Stockitem record attached. Searching for an existing record can be done in the Catalog screen (using the ISBN) or in the Stockitem screen (for example: using an Author or Title search). The ISBN can even be wanded if the Barcode reader has been ISBN enabled.

It is preferable to create a catalogue first and then create the holding record (Stockitem). If the Stockitem is processed first, not all the Tags are made when the Catalogue is created from the Item menu. For example: Subject headings are not transferred across.
Keywords are created through association with MARC tags – for example: a Subject keyword would apply to all tags defined from 600 through to 699 – ie: **Topical term (650), Personal name (600), Geographic (651)**, etc. Therefore when creating your entry, it is important to have a Catalogue record as well as a Stockitem because keyword searching will be important.

There are three manual entry methods available:

1. Work Sheet Method
   - After choosing a template related to the form of the data (for example: fiction/non-fiction etc.) the required fields can be filled in: Authority listings can be accessed when appropriate (for example: for standard entry of Authors, Subjects, Publishers, etc)

2. Editing existing records
   - It is possible to duplicate an existing record and alter the relevant data

3. New record from scratch
   - No Lead Thru method: Tags can be inserted and built up to create a full record

**Please Note:** Before beginning to use the Worksheet manual entry, you need to check the tags that will be automatically displayed. This is done in **Main > Catalogue > CatLeadThruSets**.

**Work Sheet Method**

1. Launch the **Amlib** client

2. Go to **Main > Catalogue > Catalogue** (or the icon) – the Catalog screen will display:

3. From the menu, select **Catalogue > Catalog Create** – the Select Template prompt will display:
4. Click on the button for an appropriate Lead Thru set – for example: Fiction

5. The Work Sheet will display with a number of preset MARC tags already populated:

![Work Sheet Image]

6. An item’s bibliographic details can now be entered – as you move through the Work Sheet, the headings (descriptors) change, so it is possible to observe the type of data required in the subfield of the tag (see also Appendix 5: MARC Tag Subfields & Punctuation for more information)
7. Where the data is Authority based (for example: Author, Subject heading, Series, etc.) a listing of Authorities can be viewed and selected – for example: to search for a particular Author, type the first few letters of the surname, highlight the row and click the F1 Check button.

8. The Existing Authority Options screen will open displaying all matching Authorities and the number of Catalogue records which use each Authority:
9. To select an Authority in the table, simply double-click on it: the contents of the Tag being checked will then change to match the selected Authority (the text will also change colour from black to **green**).

10. Once selected (or if there is no matching Authority), click on the red **[X]** to close the selection table (if there were no Authorities found the contents of the tag being checked will turn **red**, if there were Authorities found but none were selected the contents will turn **pink**).

11. To enter additional tags, click the **F2 Insert** button – the Select For Creation screen will display (the preset Tags allow for up to 40 entries):
12. Find the required Tag and double-click it to select it – a new entry with the selected Tag No will appear in the Work Sheet screen.

13. Click the **F3 Save** button when the record is complete.

14. If new Authorities are to be created, a prompt with the following message will display: **Some new Authorities will be created. Continue with Save?** (the new Authorities will be highlighted in *red*, so you can check them).

15. Click the **Yes** button – the Created Catalogue – Select Next Action prompt will display:

16. If you intend to create your holdings immediately, then highlight the **Create a Stockitem** and click the **OK** button (alternatively you can select the **Display the created Catalogue** if you wish to review the actual Catalogue record).
Adding Stockitems

This section continues from the section above. If you don’t immediately choose to create a stockitem record, you can select **XReferences > Stockitems** from the Catalog screen menu (or click the **Holdings** button on the Catalog screen) to initiate the process.

1. A prompt with the following message will display: **No Stockitems exist for the Catalogue. Do you wish to create a new Item?**

   ![No Stockitems exist for the Catalogue. Do you wish to create a new Item?](image)

2. Click on the **Yes** button – a New Stockitem prompt will display with the following message: **Please choose a Form Type for the new Stockitem:**

   ![Please choose a Form Type for the new Stockitem](image)

3. Choose the appropriate Form type and click on the **OK** button – the main Stockitem screen will enter creation mode (the **F2 Insert** button will appear **bolded**) and a number of fields will be automatically pre-populated:
4. Complete the other fields as required – for example: St(at)s Code, Current Cost, Floor location, etc – to access a list of codes in a field enter .<Tab>
   For example: in the St ats Code field, entering .<Tab> will display a list of your Stats Codes and Descriptions – double-click on an entry to select it:

5. Scan in barcode in the Item No field (if you wish to create a system-generated barcode, leave this field blank)
6. Click on the F2 Insert button when complete – a prompt with the following message will display: The Item has been inserted.

7. Click the OK button
Multiple Copies

To enter multiple copies of the same catalogue item:

1. Scan in a new barcode into the Item No field – the F2 Insert button will once again become **bolded**
2. Change any other details as required – for example: Stats Code, Copy No and Floor location
3. Click the F2 Insert button when complete

**USMARC: Some Common Tags**

There are literally hundreds of MARC tags that can be used. However only about 10% of these are used commonly.
## COMMON TAGS

### INDICATOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMON TAGS</th>
<th>INDICATORS</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### SUBFIELDS

Many of these subfield will never be used. In most cases a tag must have a subfield A.

(R) indicates repeatable subfields. All others are (NR) non-repeatable.

#### 001

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contains no subfield codes – for example: SL of WA, Innopac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assigned by the organisation creating or distributing the record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1367061X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ISBN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contains no subfield codes – for example: SL of WA, Innopac</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISBN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>073224849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0397318487</td>
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</table>

#### 022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ISSN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Periodicals often have)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1077-7199</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMMON TAGS

INDICATOR INDICATOR
1 2

SUBFIELDS

MANY OF THESE SUBFIELD WILL NEVER BE USED. IN MOST CASES A TAG MUST HAVE A SUBFIELD A.

(R) INDICATES REPEATABLE SUBFIELDS. ALL OTHERS ARE (NR) NON-REPEATABLE

an ISSN)

Indicators undefined

082 a b

Dewey No.

Base Item
Number Note

Used by SCIS

(R) Repeatable

Ind 1:
Type of edition
– for example:
0 Full edition

0 0

523.8 SMI

Ind 2:
Source of call no – for example:
4 SCIS
COMMON TAGS 1 2

INDICATOR 1

INDICATOR 2

SUBFIELDS

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(R) INDICATES REPEATABLE SUBFIELDS. ALL OTHERS ARE (NR) NON-REPEATABLE

100

Personal name added entry (usually main author)

0 0

a q b d c

Personal Name Qualifier Roman numeral Dates Qualifier

(R)

Non-Repeatable

Ind 1: Type of personal name entry element – for example:

1 Surname

Ind 2: Undefined

©

Asimov, Isaac L. (Isaac Leo), XV 1920- Dr

245

Title statement

0 4

a b h l c n p f

Title proper Other title Medium Parallel Title First Statement Volume Number Volume Title Second Statement

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMON TAGS</th>
<th>INDICATOR</th>
<th>SUBFIELDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>MANY OF THESE SUBFIELD WILL NEVER BE USED. IN MOST CASES A TAG MUST HAVE A SUBFIELD A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(R) INDICATES REPEATABLE SUBFIELDS. ALL OTHERS ARE (NR) NON-REPEATABLE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(NR)</th>
<th>(remainder)</th>
<th>(R)</th>
<th>(R)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-Repeatable</td>
<td>The Quasars, pulsars, and black holes of space:</td>
<td>Canto por las palmas /Isaac Asimov Book 4 Taxonomy Pictures by El Stymes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SUBFIELDS

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#### 260 Publication information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Place of Publication</td>
<td>Name of Publisher/Distributor</td>
<td>Date of Publication</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


#### 300 Physical description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>e</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extent (R)</td>
<td>Illustration Statement (R)</td>
<td>Size (R)</td>
<td>Other material</td>
</tr>
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</table>

38p. : Ill. (col.), maps.; 13cm. 1 teacher's guide.

#### 490 Series statement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>x</th>
<th>v</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Series Title</td>
<td>ISSN</td>
<td>Numbering</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Isaac 0077-8923 No.34
Many of these subfields will never be used. In most cases a tag must have a subfield A.

(R) indicates repeatable subfields. All others are (NR) non-repeatable.

Repeatable
Ind 1: Undefined
Ind 2: Non Filing characters
   – for example:
   4 Miss
   4 characters when filing – ie: For the word “The”

500 0 0 General Note

(R) Repeatable Indicators undefined

Includes glossary

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SUBFIELDS

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(R) INDICATES REPEATABLE SUBFIELDS. ALL OTHERS ARE (NR) NON-REPEATABLE

520

Summary

a

Summary
Notes

(R)
Repeatable

Ind 1:
Display
constant
controller
e.g. 1
Review
Ind 2:
Undefined

Contains information
on several
of marine
life.
Keywords:
fish,
anemones,
octopus,
crayfish

600

Subject
Heading
(Personal
name)

a

Qualifier
(full
name)

q

Title of
a work

t

c

Qualifier
– Titles
ass.

d

Dates

v

x

y

Form

General

Period

Subdivision

Subdivision

Subdivision

(R)
Repeatable

Ind 1:
Type of personal

Leakey,
L.S.B.

(Louis
Seymour
Bazett)

Sea
songs

King of
France

1903-1972

Biography

Drama

To

1970
**COMMON TAGS**

INDICATOR 1 2

SUBFIELDS

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(R) INDICATES REPEATABLE SUBFIELDS. ALL OTHERS ARE (NR) NON-REPEATABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>name – for example: 1 Surname</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ind 2: Source of Heading – for example: 0 Library of Congress</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

650 Subject Heading (Topical)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>v</th>
<th>x</th>
<th>y</th>
<th>z</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entry</td>
<td>Form</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Period</td>
<td>Place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element</td>
<td>Subdivision</td>
<td>Subdivision</td>
<td>Subdivision</td>
<td>Subdivision</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(R) Repeatable  
Ind 1: Blank  
Ind 2: Source of Western Australia

[https://help.oclc.org/Library_Management/Amlib/Catalogue/Create_a_catalogue](https://help.oclc.org/Library_Management/Amlib/Catalogue/Create_a_catalogue)
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<table>
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<th>INDICATOR</th>
<th>INDI 1</th>
<th>INDI 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Heading

– for example:

0
Library of Congress

---

**Astronomy**

**Dictionaries**

**19th Century**

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>856</th>
<th>u</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electronic location and access</td>
<td>Uniform Resource Locator (URL)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(R) Repeatable

http://www:Click here

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>945</th>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>f</th>
<th>i</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item Area</td>
<td>SL of WA classification</td>
<td>SL of WA author</td>
<td>SL of WA size prefix</td>
<td>Item barcode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Only present if different to Tag 99</td>
<td>Only present if different to Tag 99</td>
<td>Only present</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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https://help.oclc.org/Library_Management/Amlib/Catalogue/Create_a_catalogue

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## COMMON TAGS

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<th>INDICATOR 2</th>
<th>SUBFIELDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Indicators**

- **1**: Indicates a non-repeatable subfield.
- **2**: Indicates a repeatable subfield.

**Subfields**

- **421.1**: BAL
- **QJ**: ASLIB4417531B

## AOL Tags

### COMMON TAGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMON TAGS</th>
<th>INDICATOR 1</th>
<th>INDICATOR 2</th>
<th>SUBFIELDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 001

**Control Number**

assigned by the organisation creating or distributing the record

Contains no subfield codes – for example:
SLofWA Innopac Number (8 characters)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Number</th>
<th>1367061X</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 955

**SL of WA AOL Number**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL of WA AOL Number</th>
<th>9607</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**AOL Tags**

- **a**: AOL Number

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>INDICATOR</th>
<th>INDICATOR</th>
<th>SUBFIELDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AOL DATA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 956

**SL of WA Category**

- **a Category**
  - a NF; f AF; j JF; k JK; n JNF
  - f

### 957

**SL of WA Format**

Field definition and scope

- **b**=Book; h=Hardback; p=Paperback; l=Large Print; c=Cassette; v=VHS; r=CD-ROM;
  - s=Serial; n=Newspaper; m=Microfiche; u=Map;
  - f=Film; i=Infomat; e=Music Score